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- (e) Orders issued under section 15 (c) and/or (d). The failure to comply with an order issued under section 15 (c) and/or (d) of the CPSA is a prohibited act within the meaning of section 19(a)(5) of the CPSA (15 U.S.C. 2068(a)(5)).
- (f) Consequences of engaging in prohibited acts. A knowing violation of section 19(a) of the CPSA subjects the violator to a civil penalty in accordance with section 20 of the CPSA (15 U.S.C. 2069). "Knowing," as defined in section 20(c) of the CPSA (15 U.S.C. 2069(c)), means the having of actual knowledge or the presumed having of knowledge deemed to be possessed by a reasonable person who acts in the circumstances, including knowledge obtainable upon the exercise of due care to ascertain the truth of representations. A knowing and willful violation of section 19(a), after the violator has received notice of noncompliance, subjects the violator to criminal penalties in accordance with section 21 of the CPSA (15 U.S.C. 2070).

APPENDIX TO PART 1115—VOLUNTARY STANDARDS ON WHICH THE COMMIS-SION HAS RELIED UNDER SECTION 9 OF THE CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY ACT

The following are the voluntary standards on which the Commission has relied under section 9 of the Consumer Product Safety Act:

- 1. American National Standard for Power Tools—Gasoline-Powered Chain Saws—Safety Regulations, ANSI B175.1–1985 sections 4.9.4, 4.12, 4.15, 7 and 8, or the current version: ANSI B175.1–1991 sections 5.9.4, 5.12, 5.15. 8 and 9.
- 2. American National Standard for Gas-Fired Room Heaters, Volume II, Unvented Room Heaters, ANSI Z21.11.2–1989 and addenda ANSI Z21.11.2 a and b- 1991), sections 1.8.1.20.9. and 2.9.

[57 FR 34230, Aug. 4, 1992]

PART 1116—REPORTS SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 37 OF THE CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFE-TY ACT

Sec.

1116.1 Purpose.

1116.2 Definitions.

1116.3 Persons who must report under section 37.

1116.4 Where to report.

- 1116.5 When must a report be made.
- 1116.6 Contents of section 37 reports.
- 1116.7 Scope of section 37 and its relationship to section 15(b) of the CPSA.
- 1116.8 Determination of particular model.
- 1116.9 Confidentiality of reports.
- 1116.10 Restrictions on use of reports.
- 1116.11 Reports of civil actions under section 37 not admissions.
- 1116.12 Commission response to section 37 reports.

AUTHORITY: 15 U.S.C. 2055(e), 2084.

SOURCE: 57 FR 34239, Aug. 4, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

§1116.1 Purpose.

The purpose of this part 1116 is to establish procedures for filing with the Consumer Product Safety Commission ("the Commission") reports required by section 37 of the Consumer Product Safety Act (CPSA) (15 U.S.C. 2084) and to set forth the Commission's interpretation of the provisions of section 37.

§1116.2 Definitions.

- (a) A 24-month period(s) means the 24-month period beginning on January 1, 1991, and each subsequent 24-month period beginning on January 1 of the calendar year that is two years following the beginning of the previous 24-month period. The first statutory two year period ends on December 31, 1992. The second begins on January 1, 1993 and ends on December 31, 1994, and so forth.
- (b) *Grievous bodily injury* includes, but is not limited to, any of the following categories of injury:
- (1) Mutilation or disfigurement. Disfigurement includes permanent facial disfigurement or non-facial scarring that results in permanent restriction of motion;
- (2) Dismemberment or amputation, including the removal of a limb or other appendage of the body;
- (3) The loss of important bodily functions or debilitating internal disorder. These terms include:
- (i) Permanent injury to a vital organ, in any degree;
- (ii) The total loss or loss of use of any internal organ,
- (iii) Injury, temporary or permanent, to more than one internal organ;
- (iv) Permanent brain injury to any degree or with any residual disorder (e.g. epilepsy), and brain or brain stem